

ALLIED TROOPS BEWARE GREECE

SITUATION GETTING MORE
COMPLICATED IN THE
NEAR EAST

MAKES ANXIOUS ENTENTE POWERS

Allies Are Demanding Unequivocal
Statement of Attitude
of Greece.

London, Nov. 15.—The information from Greece that any allied troops seeking refuge in Greek territory will be disarmed, has caused considerable anxiety to the entente powers and given new importance to Earl Kitchen's visit to the near east.

Belated Athens dispatches say today that Greece bases her contention on international law, while the allies claim that the permission for troops to land at Saloniki entitled them to re-tire through the same route.

The allies are demanding an unequivocal statement of Greece's attitude in this connection. The allies also claim that former Premier Venizelos had requested that troops be sent to Saloniki to aid Greece in fulfilling her treaty obligations to Serbia, which later Greece repudiated.

The allies are also likely to remind Greece that the constitutionalism of her government was guaranteed by France, Russia and Great Britain and the allies may contend that King Constantine overruled the constitution when he dissolved the Venizelos cabinet. It is suggested in some quarters that King Constantine be reminded that his retention of the throne depends upon a continuance of friendly neutrality toward the allies.

The Germans on the other hand are declared to be assuring Greece of their protection, should she support the central powers and that to do this they are despatching submarines to the Mediterranean, which could resist any allied fleet attacking Greece ports.

In the meantime the fight for Serbia continues unabated, with the Austro-Germans claiming that they are still advancing and the Serbians are fighting desperately in the mountain passes. In Southern Serbia there is little change.

In the west the Germans claim that they captured 500 miles of French trench near Reims, while the French announce that they repulsed German attacks against the labyrinth in Artois, also in Champagne.

Hard fighting also continued on the Russian and Italian fronts.

BERLIN CLAIMS MANY SUCCESSSES

London, Nov. 15.—Varying reports of the success of the war is shown in the official reports. The Germans claim the Bulgarians captured 7,000 Serbians and six cannon, while the Germans took fifteen hundred, seven men and six more cannon. The Serbians are being pushed back all along the line and Berlin claims success also on the eastern front. She declares the Russians are cleared from the entire western bank of the Sty river.

A Russian offensive movement in a new region appears to be beginning. The Germans report Russian attacks near Smorga, east of Vilna, and says the attacks were repulsed.

Italian progress on the Isonzo front is claimed in the latest Italian official report. Advances are claimed north-west of Gorizia in the Plezzo basin and on Javorico. This is contradicted by a Berlin dispatch quoting General Borovikov of the Austrian line in the Isonzo region. He asserts the Austrians have maintained all positions as they existed when he took charge of them at the beginning of active hostilities.

Saloniki hears the German submarines are using Varna, Bulgaria as a base of operations. Arms has been mentioned as one of the harbors where the Russians will be likely to land troops for an invasion of Bulgaria. The latest reports indicate that 203 persons were lost on the Ancona.

Serbia Still Lame.
Berlin, Nov. 15.—A wireless announcement by the war office says eighty-five hundred Serbians and twelve cannon were captured. Seven thousand of these with six cannons were taken by the Bulgarians. The pursuit of the Serbians continued along the front.

Stronger Hales Held.
Washington, Nov. 15.—The government has issued a decree providing that no males between sixteen and forty-five years of age be permitted to leave for an overseas destination without a military permit.

ACTS DEFENDED BY CHURCHILL

ENGLISH STATESMAN EX-
PLAINS ACTION TO
HOUSE OF COMMONS

AUTHORITIES ENDORSE PLANS

Former Member of the Cabinet
Reviews Disasters of the
War.

London, Nov. 15.—Winston Spencer Churchill, lately resigned from the cabinet, today defended his acts, for which he has been reproached, saying in the house of commons that the loss of Rear Admiral Craddock's fleet, the destruction of the Aboukir Hogue and Cressy, the disastrous Antwerp expedition and the Dardanelles campaign, for all which he had been blamed were undertaken only after plans had been concurred in by the proper government authorities.

PRESIDENT ORDERS HIS REINSTATEMENT

Assistant Postmaster Made Critical
Remarks About Presi-
dent's Engagement.

Washington, Nov. 15.—President Wilson today ordered the immediate reinstatement of Assistant Postmaster George Burditt, of Winnetka, Illinois, who was dismissed after criticizing Wilson's getting engaged within less than a year after his wife's death. Burditt was ordered reinstated regardless of other charges against him.

Washington, Nov. 15.—President Wilson has instructed Postmaster General Burleson to reinstate George Burditt, assistant postmaster at Winnetka, Illinois, removed because he criticized the president for his engagement to be married. He qualified the instructions by saying Burditt would be reinstated if there are no other charges against him.

Secretary Tumulty announced this action after a conference with President Wilson. It was said unofficially by the president entirely disapproved discharging Burditt for making the remarks accredited to him.

In correspondence between Burditt and Postmaster Kloepper of Winnetka, which has been published, it was stated Burditt had been given remarks for unsatisfactory service Burditt denied that.

The president did not go into that feature. Instructions to Postmaster General Burleson made it clear that Burditt should not be discharged for merely expressing his views, that a man should not become engaged within a year after his wife's death.

It was stated at the White House that Burleson had no knowledge of the case before it was called to his attention by newspaper publication. Burditt's discharge was approved by Assistant Postmaster General Roper after exchange of letters with Burditt. Burditt protested he had no opportunity to reply to charges as required by the civil service law. Roper informed him that the law had been complied with by the letter sent to Burditt by the postmaster notifying him of the charge of showing disrespect to the president.

White House officials are annoyed by the publicity given the case and expected Burleson to act immediately.

McLaurin to North Carolina.
Columbia, Nov. 15.—John L. McLaurin, state warehouse commissioner, expects to go this week to Durham where he will deliver an address at the annual meeting of the North Carolina State Farmers' union. He will explain the South Carolina cotton warehouse system. The North Carolina union will ask the legislature of that state to pass a warehouse measure at the next session.

COAST ARTILLERY

Columbia, Nov. 15.—The announcement was made today that a coast artillery is to be formed at Greenville, South Carolina, next week. About \$20,000 worth of equipment will be furnished.

Italian Liner Sunk By Austrian Submarine.



Dr. Stocco,
Ship Surgeon.
Captain Pietro Massardo.
Italo Zolazzi,
Chief Officer.

The Italian liner Ancona, bound for the United States with a large number of women and children, was sunk by an Austrian submarine, off the coast of Sardinia, Nov. 6.

JUDGE LINDSEY WAS HELD IN CONTEMPT

Refused to Divulge Information
Received in Confidence in
Murder Trial.

Denver, Nov. 15.—Ben B. Lindsey, judge of Denver's juvenile court, was held guilty of contempt of court and fined \$500 and costs today by District Judge Perry. Three days were allowed for appeal.

The case resulted from Lindsey's refusal to disclose information at the trial of Mrs. Bertha Wright for murder.

Lindsey claimed that the information came to him in a privileged manner, through the confession of Neal Wright, aged twelve.

Mrs. Wright was acquitted.

MELLEN TESTIFYING IN NEW HAVEN CASE

New York, Nov. 15.—Charles S. Mellen, former president of the New Haven railroad testifying today at the trial of eleven former directors of the New Haven, assumed the responsibility for the New Haven's policy of acquiring trolley lines in New England, which the government alleges was a part of the plan to monopolize commerce.

Mellen said he believed that the New Haven ought to furnish the public all kinds of transportation service it demanded.

GRUESOME FIND IN CITY DUMP GROUNDS

Atlanta, Nov. 15.—A foot and a half of the body and parts of clothing, presumably of a white woman were found in the city dump grounds this afternoon. A negro woman testified that she heard a cat paw that section early Sunday and a woman's team for help. Detectives said the parts were not from the medical hospital.

BOOKER WASHINGTON DIED LAST SUNDAY

Was Noted Educator and Bene-
factor of the Negro Race.

Tuskegee, Ala., Nov. 15.—Booker T. Washington, negro educator, lecturer and recognized leader of his race in America, died at his home here early Sunday, four hours after his arrival from New York.

He realized the end was near, but was determined to make the long trip south to hear out his oft-expressed statement that he had been "born in the south, have lived all my life in the south, and expect to die and be buried in the south."

Accompanied by his wife, his secretary and a physician, Washington left New York for Tuskegee at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon. He reached his home Saturday midnight and died at 4:30 o'clock Sunday morning.

Funeral Arrangements

Tuskegee, Ala., Nov. 15.—The funeral arrangements of Booker T. Washington, the noted negro educator, who died here yesterday are being complicated. The services will be held at Tuskegee institute at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning. The burial will occur on institute grounds. The body will be in state tomorrow.

He died of a nervous breakdown. A thousand Alabamians in addition to prominent educators and others in various parts of this country are expected to attend. A special train from Montgomery will bring state officials. Messages of condolence came from all parts of the country. Emmett J. Scott, confidential secretary to Washington is considered his most likely successor.

Brescia Bombarded

Rome, Nov. 15.—It was officially announced tonight that Austrian aeroplanes bombarded Brescia this morning, killing and wounding ten. No material damage.

SUSPENDS PARCEL POST

Washington, Nov. 15.—The postoffice department today suspended the parcel post mail service to Germany, announcing that steamship companies would refuse to accept it. Germany recently suspended the parcel post service to the United States for the same reason.

JUDSON COTTON MILL HAS RESUMED WORK

Village and Crowd Quiet When
Operations Were Resumed
Yesterday.

Greenville, Nov. 15.—Judson mill started up again at one o'clock today after several weeks of idleness.

Fears that the opening would be attended with trouble proved wholly unfounded.

There was not even any loud talking or jeering and not the slightest sign of a disposition to resort to violence.

The strikers have heard many talks in recent days from their leaders, from members of other unions, from the sheriff and from friends, the tenor of all this advice was that they would injure their cause if they did not keep strictly within the law.

This advice apparently had a good effect. At one o'clock, the time for the mill to start, approached, crowds gathered near the mill. In them were the strikers, those who purposed returning to work and spectators from the city and other mills.

Sheriff Rector and a force of regular deputies appeared on the scene shortly before noon. The sheriff circled among the people and reiterated among the people the advice that he had repeatedly given, that the law be strictly obeyed. He made it plain that while his sympathies were with those trying to form a union, as sheriff he had no sympathy for either side and would do his duty.

When the whistle blew at one o'clock the doors were opened and those who wanted to go to work quietly filed in. There was no demonstration on the part of the others. There were no tears or taunts. All was peaceful and orderly.

The strikers said they were perfectly willing to return to work but they had been told they were not wanted.

Those who did not return to work gathered in an open place and were addressed by Rev. Mr. Caldwell, who then made a fervent prayer to the Almighty Father for their cause and that peace would prevail.

Sheriff Rector and President Geor also made short addresses to the meeting.

Carriages Occupies N.Y.

Washington, Nov. 15.—The Carriage agency announced the occupation of New York City by the Carriage agency. The Carriage agency is in New York City with 2,000 Carriage agency in pursuit.

"UNPARALLELED ATROCITY"

ITALY DENOUNCES SINKING
OF LINER ANCONA BY
SUBMARINE

RECITES THE CIRCUMSTANCES

Charges That Liner Was Sunk
Without Even a Warning
Shot.

Washington, Nov. 15.—The United States received from Italy a communication addressed to all neutral governments, denouncing as "unparalleled atrocity" the sinking of the Italian liner Ancona, with scores of neutrals and other non-combatants aboard.

The statement recites the circumstances of the attack, charging that "without even a blank shot of warning" the submarine shelled the Ancona and continued killing and wounding passengers after the Ancona stopped. No reference is made to the submarine's nationality.

The Austrian admiralty statement made public through the press, declared that the Ancona attempted to escape and only stopped after repeated shelling and that after she stopped forty-five minutes were given for passengers and crew to enter the lifeboats. This statement denied that the submarine fired on the lifeboats.

Officials were disinclined to comment on account of conflicting reports, but it is expected that Austria would be asked officially for her side and it is generally believed that the United States would take up with Austria the entire submarine question.

THE DETAILS ARE STILL UNKNOWN

Washington, Nov. 15.—Ambassador Thomas Nelson Page, at Rome, cables that his conference at the Italian foreign office has failed to develop details or facts concerning the sinking of the Ancona. The Italian government, according to Page, is having considerable difficulty in establishing just what occurred. Investigation under way. Soon as results are known Page will report.

Secretary Lansing has been waiting to learn whether a German or Austrian submarine destroyed the Ancona, and therefore hasn't instructed ambassadors at Berlin or Vienna to ask the foreign offices for information.

Search for Missing Boats.

Rome, Nov. 15.—Sinking of the steamer Bosnia, following closely the destruction of the Ancona and the Firenze, resulted in determined agitation for the adoption in the Mediterranean measures similar to those which have checked submarine activities in the North Sea.

A careful search is being made for the missing boats of the Firenze and Bosnia.

No longer hope of finding additional Ancona survivors. Latest official reports give number saved at 299 out of 597 aboard the Ancona. Most of the victims were steerage passengers. Only 57 of these were saved.

LIQUOR NOT LABELED IN VIOLATION OF LAW

Washington, Nov. 15.—The supreme court held that a man who ships liquor from one state to another without labeling it as such, is in violation of law and may be prosecuted in either state. Reversed judgment of the Kansas federal court quashing an indictment against Joseph Freeman and remanded it for prosecution. Freeman is charged with shipping trunks full of liquor unlabeled from Joplin, Missouri to Chicago, Kansas.

Liberty Bell to Los Angeles.
San Diego, Cal., Nov. 15.—After 5-months exhibition at the Panama California exposition the Liberty Bell was escorted yesterday by a large military and naval parade to its special air which left last night for Los Angeles. There the bell will be exhibited before starting on its return trip across the continent.

OPPOSES SALARY INCREASE

Columbia, Nov. 15.—Gov. McManis, in an interview today, declared that he was opposed to the proposed increase in salaries for state officials.

NO ADVERTISEMENTS OF LIQUOR ALLOWED

Atlanta, Nov. 15.—The lower house of the legislature this afternoon passed the senate bill prohibiting liquor advertisements in Georgia and limiting the quantity allowed. The measure was that to take effect May 1, 1916, instead of the first of January.

Harvey by Stern

London, Nov. 15.—Much havoc was caused on land and sea by the fierce gale which raged last night. A considerable loss to shipping resulted. For the most part along the west coast, but no loss of life has thus far been reported.

TELLS STORY OF HIS LIFE

SELF CONFESSED BOMB MAK-
ER MAKES STATEMENT
TO OFFICIAL

STATEMENT WAS NOT PUBLISHED

Officials Think Fay's Case With
Others Lead to Four
Sources.

New York, Nov. 15.—Robert Fay, self-styled lieutenant in the German army and by his own confession head of a gang of bomb-makers who sought to disable or destroy munition laden ships from New York to the allies' ports, told the story of his life today to Assistant United States District Attorney Knox, and declared that he wanted to plead guilty and start serving his term.

While Fay's statement was not made public, one of Knox's assistants said Fay's story is confirmed partly from other sources, and that Fay's case, and the case of officials of the Hamburg-American line for conspiracy, and three passport cases had led back to four sources. It was added that it was believed that the case led back to one man, from whom others took orders and who was the director of all this sort of trouble in the United States.

The assistant, Roger Wood, was asked if he would prosecute this man if the case was proved against him. "All I can say to that is that under the law we can't prosecute any diplomatic representative of a foreign country," Wood replied.

The government is still investigating and is unlikely that there would be more arrests made, at least until Fay's statement was corroborated.

NOW INVESTIGATING ALLEGED WAR PLOTS

Department of Justice Handicapped By Lack of Specific
Laws.

Washington, Nov. 15.—Handicapped by a lack of specific laws to protect the nation's neutrality, the department of justice has turned to one of its old standbys and is investigating alleged war plots, chiefly pro-German and pro-Austrian, with a view of instituting criminal proceedings under the Sherman anti-trust law.

Plots to cause strikes in munition plants can be shown to be conspiracy in restraint of trade and therefore a violation of the Sherman law, the department believes.

GEORGIANS USE HOGS TO FIGHT BOLL WEEVIL

Columbia, Nov. 15.—The farmers of Georgia will use the hog to fight the boll weevil, said a Columbian returned last week after an automobile tour through Georgia.

"We motored through several counties," he said "and hundreds of hogs and pigs were encountered in the road. The weevil is expected in that section next year. While the farmers have turned to hogs, they have neglected to plant grain to any considerable amount."

"The Georgia legislature refused to make an appropriation to aid the farmers in their fight against the weevil. The farmers attending the second district agricultural fair, however, a resolution, asking that funds be given to the state entomological department."

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